

## THE WEATHER

Fair tonight and Wednesday

## TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

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## WISHES TO AVOID CONFLICT

German Foreign Secretary Comments on the President's Speech  
EMERGENCY MEASURES SPEED  
CONGRESS TO A HIGH TENSION

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Congress has begun earnestly to pave the way for legislation that may be demanded by any development in the international crisis.

Still hopeful that the break with Germany will not involve the United States in war, leaders of both parties recognized that preparations should not be delayed and there is unusual activity in the naval, military and revenue committees, while the judiciary committee of the senate worked all day on a series of measures relating to conspiracies against the government. The senate, as the co-

ordinate branch of the government having to do with foreign relations, prepared to give its official sanction to the severance of relations with Germany.

A measure prescribing heavy punishments for espionage, framed by the department of justice, was introduced in the senate, and, at the request of Secretary Baker, the house military committee wrote into the annual army appropriation bill a special appropriation for anti-aircraft guns at arsenals and a provision removing all limit from the number of army general staff officers who may be stationed at Washington to work out war problems.

The army bill was put into final form in committee and probably will be called up in the house some time this week.

Senator Overman's espionage bill provides penalties of two years' imprisonment and a fine of \$10,000 for any person approaching, entering or flying in an aeroplane over any vessel, fort, navy yard, or other place connected with the national defense to obtain information to which he is not lawfully entitled. It applies to anyone who obtains photographs, blue prints, documents or memoranda of such places, and to code or signal books and models. The same penalties are provided for mailing any letter or document written in any medium "which is not visible unless subjected to heat, chemicals or other treatment."

When any of these things are attempted for the purpose of delivering information to any foreign government the penalty is made 20 years' imprisonment in peace time, and, in time of war, the penalty is imprisonment for life.

Another section of the bill provides life imprisonment in time of war for anyone who "collects, records, publishes, or communicates, or attempts to elicit any information with respect to the movement, numbers, description, condition or disposition of any of the armed forces, ships, airplanes or war material of the United States or with respect to any works or measures undertaken for or connected with or intended for the fortification or defense of any place, intended to be communicated to the enemy, or of such a nature calculated to be or might be directly or indirectly useful to the enemy."

## EAVESTONE WAS USED AS COLLIER

PROBABLY IN THE SERVICE OF ADMIRALTY AND THEREFORE A WARSHIP

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—A dispatch from Consul Frost describes the Eavestone as a provisional collier, in which case it might possibly be classed as a warship. If in the admiralty service at the time she was sunk there is no possibility of trouble with Germany as a result.

## FLORIDA IS FROZEN UP AND SOUTH SUFFERING

(By Associated Press.)  
ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 6.—A cold wave during the past 48 hours has made heavy inroads in the southern producing belt.

The citrus fields as far as middle Florida were severely damaged, according to reports received here, and the year's production of Irish potatoes and tomatoes virtually wiped out in all the state except the southern tip. Vegetation in Louisiana also suffered heavily. In 17 years no such crop damage had been wrought in the Florida fields. All vegetation to well south in the peninsula had been frozen.

The temperature touched 43 at Tampa yesterday and 26 at Jacksonville. One negro was frozen to death at Chattahoochee and one at Chester, S. C. Thousands of needy persons besieged the office of the warden of the prison at Atlanta, where 600 applications for aid have been registered in the last two days. At Augusta, Ga., the damage to pumping from frozen steam pipes was estimated at \$50,000.

At Roanoke, Va., the public schools were suspended because of the cold. The thermometer dropped to one degree below zero.

## 100 SUBMARINES MAY BE ORDERED

POINDEXTER BILL MEETS WITH APPROVAL OF SENATE REPUBLICANS

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The Republicans have decided to stand behind Senator Poin Dexter's bill for the immediate construction of 20 fleet and 80 coast submarines. The bill provides to spend \$4,000,000 equipping navy yards. Six fleet and 25 coast submarines will be built on the Pacific coast. The bill has not been acted on by the naval committee yet.

## BRYAN WANTS A WAR REFERENDUM

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—William J. Bryan's presence in Washington at this time and his proposal of a popular referendum on the question of the United States going to war against Germany attracted notice on the floor of the house. A discussion was precipitated by Representative Miller of Minnesota, who read a message from a constituent stating that "the interests of our country would be conserved by the immediate intervention of said Bryan." Representative Huddleston, Democrat, of Alabama, and Representative Sloan, Republican, of Nebraska, warmly defended Mr. Bryan.

## HEAVY BRITISH LOSS

(By Associated Press.)  
BERLIN, Feb. 6.—The British lost at least 2000 killed in attacking the Turks near Kut-el-Amara on February 1. The attack was a failure.

## MUNITIONS KEEP GOING TO EUROPE

INTENTIONS OF GERMANY DO NOT INTERFERE WITH SHIPMENTS

(By Associated Press.)  
NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—The German blockade declaration has not delayed the transportation of war materials and munitions from the United States to England and France. Five steamships now are en route. Two are French and the others English. Four carry passengers.

## GERMAN EMBASSY GOING TO NORWAY

FRANCE AND ENGLAND GUARANTEE SAFE PASSAGE TO VON BERNSTORFF

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—One week from today the whole corps of German officials in the United States, including Count and Countess von Bernstorff, the embassy suite, and consuls from all parts of the country, will sail from New York to Germany. Reservations for more than 200 persons have been engaged on the big Scandinavian liner Frederick VIII, leaving New York February 13 for Christiania. Final arrangements will be completed today with officials of the company. Meanwhile former German consuls throughout the country have turned their consulates over to caretakers.

Safe conducts have been requested by the state department of both Great Britain and France for passage through the allied blockade and no doubt is felt that they will be accorded.

## FINED HEAVILY FOR GIVING DRUGS

OAKLAND DOCTOR TAUGHT A LESSON BY U. S. DISTRICT COURT

(By Associated Press.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.—Dr. George E. Kneeman of Oakland was fined \$1000 in the United States district court for selling drugs to victims in violation of the Harrison act. He told the court: "I sold the drug to the woman because I thought she would go crazy without it." Judge Dooley asked: "Is that why you charged her \$10 for it when it cost you not more than \$3?" Marked money was given the woman by federal agents to purchase the drug.

(By Associated Press.)  
LONDON, Feb. 6.—The Overseas agency says Foreign Minister Zimmerman declared today in an interview that Germany joined with President Wilson in the wish that there may be no conflict and that the German government, after a minute examination of the president's speech to congress, appreciated "these words of a non-hostile character."

## SWITZERLAND WILL NOT FOLLOW

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Information was received today that Switzerland will not adopt the president's suggestion that other neutrals follow the lead of the United States and break relations with Germany. This is the first response so far as known.

## AMERICAN SEAMEN RELEASED

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Official notice of the release by Germany of 64 Americans taken aboard British armed merchantmen by the sea raider was received today in a delayed dispatch. The men were released "because they did not know at the time they enlisted that Germany had planned to treat armed ships as war vessels."

Officials do not believe the sinking of the Eavestone yesterday with one American killed will prove an overt act to cause hostilities. The state department is awaiting complete reports.

## TONOPAH EXTENSION BULLION SHIPMENT

♦ The Tonopah Extension sent ♦  
♦ out a large shipment of bullion ♦  
♦ this week, covering the second ♦  
♦ half of the month of January. ♦  
♦ The shipment represented 97,855 ♦  
♦ ounces contained in 41 bars, ♦  
♦ making the total value \$87,898.50. ♦

## TAKING NO CHANCES WITH POSSIBLE TRAITORS

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The naval authorities in charge of private radio stations have been instructed to allow no operators whose loyalty is not certain at the keys.

## SECOND RELIEF SHIP IS SUNK

(By Associated Press.)  
LONDON, Feb. 6.—The Belgian relief steamer Lars Kruse, Danish registry, was sunk by a torpedo or mine near the Belgian coast. The vessel carried wheat from Buenos Aires.

Two other British steamers, the Isle of Arran and Hurstwood, were submarine, and a British sailing vessel, the Garnet Hall, is believed to have been sunk. Five fatalities resulted from the torpedoing of the Hurstwood.

Lloyds reports the British steamer Adelaide, carrying passengers, sunk. Ninety-six passengers and crew were picked up.

## BOPP'S BAIL RAISED AS RESULT OF WAR

(By Associated Press.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.—Bail for Bopp and his aides will be raised from \$10,000 to somewhere near \$50,000, due to the international situation.

## BROTHER-IN-LAW DENIES THAT HE HAD INSIDE TIP

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—R. W. Bolling, brother-in-law of the president, denied in the leak investigation that he ever obtained advance information from the White House or state department.

Advertise in the Bonanza.

## BERLIN CRITICS ON THE BREAK

(By Associated Press.)  
BERLIN, Feb. 6.—The Tagelische Rundschau says: "President Wilson has determined under all circumstances to preserve England's strong sea power, perhaps chiefly because he wants to win England as an ally against Japan, which has begun to set in motion 400,000 Chinese."

The paper repels President Wilson's effort to distinguish between the German people and the government and says: "We are fully united from the emperor to the humblest day laborer. Our government did not resolve to begin submarine warfare against commerce over the heads of the people, but on the imperious demand of the people and in complete harmony with the popular representative assembly and the public will."

Die Post thinks that America's active participation in the war can hardly change the situation, and that the joining of that country in the hostilities can hardly bring greater help to the entente allies than already has been given by munitions and loans.

The Boersen Zeitung sees in President Wilson's action refusal to recognize the situation of compulsion in which Germany has been placed by her enemies' will to destroy her, and adds:

"He stubbornly adheres to the doctrine of submarine warfare which he adopted at the outset and has frustrated all the efforts of our government to maintain good relations despite the submarine warfare."

The Voerwarts says that both sides should drop the talk about morality and adds: "The Americans have it easy in talking about the sacred laws of humanity, which the Germans are treading under foot. They are not threatened in their existence; they know nothing of the pleasures of life in the trenches, and when they want bread, butter, bacon, cheese, milk and eggs they go to the next shop and buy what they want. Under such conditions it is easy to exalt the laws of humanity. Americans have as little right to make moral representations to us as a portly citizen has the right to judge a poor devil who comes into conflict with the laws through dire distress."

THE TEMPERATURE REPORT  
Highest temperature yesterday, 43; lowest this morning, 24.  
Highest temperature a year ago, 35; lowest, 30.

## DEFENDANT DIES BEFORE HIS CASE COMES TO TRIAL

ENGLAND SAYS THIS IS THE ONLY WAY TO BRING ABOUT TERMS

(By Associated Press.)  
LONDON, Feb. 6.—Arthur Neville Chamberlain, director general of international service, says: "Let no one suppose that because Count von Bernstorff has been given his passport there is nothing else to do. Germany intends to starve us. The answer must be a blow straight between the eyes which will beat the enemy down and bring him to his senses."

## SENSATIONAL END OF PROSECUTION OF A PROMINENT MAN

(By Associated Press.)  
LOS ANGELES, Feb. 6.—W. H. Turner, former mayor of Watts, was found dead in bed a few hours before his trial on an arson charge was called in the superior court. A physician said death was due to heart failure. Attorneys said Turner frequently declared he never would be tried. With two others he was alleged to be involved in the burning of the Watts Lumber company yards two years ago.

Read the Bonanza.

## BUYING SUPPLIES FOR ARMY

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Immediate purchase of reserve quartermasters' supplies for the army up to the limit of available appropriations has been ordered by Col. Baker. Purchasing agents were sent into the field today to carry out the orders in the shortest possible time.

## PRESIDENT FAILED TO GRASP

(By Associated Press.)  
BERLIN, Feb. 6.—The general opinion expressed by Berlin papers is that the president failed to grasp the real significance of affairs in Europe and misrepresented Germany's position and interests.

## HOLLAND PROTESTS STRONGLY

(By Associated Press.)  
THE HAGUE, Feb. 6.—It is known that Holland protested strongly against Germany's decree of unrestricted submarine warfare. The foreign office refuses to furnish details.

## AMERICANS TREATED KINDLY

(By Associated Press.)  
BERLIN, Feb. 6.—The Germans have manifested consideration and courtesy toward Americans since relations were severed. Aside from an occasional frank comment on the action of the American government, no acts of an unfriendly nature are reported.

## GARRANZA SENDS KAISER GREETINGS

(By Associated Press.)  
LONDON, Feb. 6.—Reuter's dispatch from Amsterdam says a wireless telegram appeared in the German papers stating that General Carranza sent his best wishes to the German emperor from Queretaro.

## LOSS IN JANUARY WORST ON RECORD

RESULT OF UNDERSEA WARFARE SHOWS AN ENORMOUS INCREASE

(By Associated Press.)  
NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—The destruction of merchant tonnage due to submarines and mines the war caused a greater loss in January than any previous month, according to the Journal of Commerce. The gross tonnage lost was 336,997, comprising about 454 vessels. The total during the war has been 4,368,000 gross tons, or 2361 ships.

## TEMPERATURE REPORT

Highest temperature yesterday, 43; lowest this morning, 24.  
Highest temperature a year ago, 35; lowest, 30.

## BUTLER THEATRE

TONIGHT

Vaudeville—Vaudeville  
SIO. GIACOLETTI  
In Charge of Musical Selections

PAULINE FREDERICK  
Famous Film Star, in  
"THE WOMAN IN THE CASE"  
From Clyde Fitch's  
Celebrated Drama

Tomorrow

Mary Pickford

—In—  
"LESS THAN THE DUST"  
At the head of her company  
A Two-Hour Show

Matinee, 1:30; Night, 7 and 8:30  
Admission 10-15c